

SS4H1a. Locate where the American Indians settled: Arctic (Inuit).

CONTEXT CLUES: (ELA4R3b)

Indian groups had to adapt to different environments. They often had to change their way of life in order to survive.

Adapt means: A) safe B) change C) survive

DICTIONARY SKILLS: (ELA4R3d) civilizations/developing/settled/harsh

Many civilizations developed throughout North America. These groups had to adapt to different environments with each developing their own cultures and lifestyles. Some of these early Native Americans were the Inuit, Kwakiutl, and the Nez Perce Indians. The Inuit settled in the Arctic region of North America. The Kwakiutl settled in villages along the coast of the Pacific Northwest. The Nez Perce Indians settled between the Cascades and the Rocky Mountains.

*Where did each of these three groups settle in North America?

The Inuit settled around the Arctic region of North America. This area is now Alaska, Canada, and Greenland. Snow and ice covered the region for up to nine months of the year. Because the ground was frozen, the Inuit hunted seal, walrus, whale, and other Arctic animals for food. They were traditionally hunters or fisherman.

*How did the Inuit find food for themselves? _____

The Inuit built shelters to protect themselves from the harsh weather. They built most of their shelters from sticks and stones. However, they built other shelters by cutting blocks of hard snow. These shelters of hard snow were called igloos. The Inuit were able to adapt to their surroundings and live in the harsh weather of the Arctic region of North America.

*How did the Inuit provide shelter for their people? _____

PARTS OF SPEECH: (ELA4C1b) A noun is a person, place, thing, or idea. Underline the nouns in each sentence. The number in () tells how many nouns there are in each sentence. Proper Noun - a particular person, place, or thing (each word in a proper noun begins with a capital letter but only counts as one underline) Ex. Abraham Lincoln (1 noun) Abraham (1 noun). A verb shows action or state of being and tells what the subject is or is doing. An adjective modifies a noun.

1. The Inuit settled around the Arctic region of North America. (3)

*What did the Inuit do? _____ (verb)

*What word modifies the noun region? _____ (adjective)

2. Many civilizations developed throughout North America. (2)

*What did the many civilizations do? _____ (verb)

*What word modifies the noun civilizations? _____ (adjective)

SENTENCE SKILLS PRACTICE: (ELA4C1h)

Simple or Compound: A simple sentence contains one independent clause (can stand alone). A compound sentence contains two independent clauses. Put **S** if the sentence is simple, put **C** if the sentence is compound.

1. Many civilizations developed throughout North America. _____

2. The Inuit settled in the Arctic region of North America, and the Kwakiutl settled in villages along the coast of the Pacific Northwest. _____

3. The Inuit hunted seal, walruses, and whale. _____

4. The Inuit settled around the Arctic region of North America. _____

WORD SKILLS PRACTICE: Synonyms and Antonyms (ELA4R3i)

A synonym is a word that means the same - an antonym is a word that has the opposite meaning. * Use a thesaurus and look up other synonyms and antonyms for the word harsh.

Give synonyms for: harsh _____ / _____ / _____

Give antonyms for: harsh _____ / _____ / _____

WORD SKILLS PRACTICE: MULTIPLE MEANING WORDS (ELA4R3h) choose the correct definition for the sentences below.

harsh: (A) severe as in bad weather

harsh: (B) unkind as in words

1. The Inuit built shelters to protect themselves from the harsh weather. _____

2. The teacher's voice was harsh as she scolded the class. _____

3. The boy's mother spoke in a harsh voice after he broke the vase. _____

4. Many early tribes had to endure harsh conditions. _____

SS4H1a. Locate where the American Indians settled with emphasis on Northwest (Kwakiutl).

CONTEXT CLUES: (ELA4R3b)

The Kwakiutl Indians survived on fish and berries. These were the foods they ate on a daily basis.

Survived means: A) gathered B) lived on C) settled

Write an original sentence with the word survived.

*

DICTIONARY SKILLS: (ELA4R3d)

typical/shredded/survival/intricately/responsibilities

The Northwest Kwakiutl Indians were one of the major tribes of the Northwest Coast. They often settled in villages along the coast of the Pacific Northwest. Their villages were typical of the Northwest Coast. They built their homes from cedar trees. Most homes were large cedar plank houses. Clothing was also made from shredded bark from the cedar tree.

*In what ways did the Kwakiutl use the cedar tree? _____

The Kwakiutl's economy was based on their natural resources. Natural resources are things found in nature. They lived off of what was found on the Northwest Coast. Their survival was based on fish and wood. Their food came from oceans and rivers. The men were able to fish most of the year. The women gathered berries for the family to eat.

*How did the Kwakiutl survive? _____

The Kwakiutl culture was very peaceful and centered on the family. They made intricately carved totem poles representing different animals. The totem pole meant something different to each family. Many families lived together in a large house. They shared daily duties and responsibilities. Clans often held potlatches, or celebrations. The Kwakiutl culture was family centered and stable.

*Describe family life for the Kwakiutl Indians. _____

PARTS OF SPEECH: (ELA4C1b) A noun is a person, place, thing, or idea. Underline the nouns in each sentence. The number in () tells how many nouns there are in each sentence. A verb shows action or state of being and tells what the subject is or does.

1. The Kwakiutl settled in villages along the Northwest Coast. (3)

*What did the Kwakiutl do? _____ (verb)

2. They built their homes from cedar trees. (2)

*What did they do? _____ (verb)

SENTENCE SKILLS PRACTICE: (ELA4C1c) Sentence Fragments - do not express a complete thought. A complete sentence has a subject and a verb and expresses a complete thought. Change all fragments below into complete sentences.

1. made from shredded bark _____

2. carved totem poles representing different animals _____

READING SKILLS PRACTICE: (ELA4R1h) Fact and Opinion: A Fact is something you can look up in an encyclopedia or book. An Opinion is what someone thinks. Write **fact** or **opinion** beside each statement

1. The Kwakiutl built their homes from cedar trees. _____

2. Cedar trees make the best houses. _____

3. Fish makes the best food. _____

4. Their food came from oceans and rivers. _____

WORD SKILLS PRACTICE: Synonyms and Antonyms (ELA4R3i)

A synonym is a word that means the same - an antonym is a word that has the opposite meaning. * Use a thesaurus and look up other synonyms and antonyms for the word intricate.

Give synonyms for: intricate _____/_____/_____

Give antonyms for: intricate _____/_____/_____

Circle the word that **DOES NOT HAVE** the same meaning as **INTRICATE**.

1. complicated

2. pretty

3. difficult

4. involved

